

# **Product Information**

# Recombinant Anti-Human IL5 Antibody Fab Fragment

Cat. No.: MOM-18031-F(P)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

#### **Product Overview**

Recombinant Humanized (from mouse) Antibody Fab Fragment specifically binds to Human IL5, expressed in E. coli

### **Antigen Description**

Interleukin 5 or IL-5 is an interleukin produced by T helper-2 cells and mast cells. Through binding to the IL-5 receptor, IL-5 stimulates B cell growth and increases immunoglobulin secretion. It is also a key mediator in eosinophil activation.

### **Specific Activity**

Tested positive against native antigen.

#### **Target**

IL5

#### **Immunogen**

Recombinant human IL5.

#### Source

Humanized (from mouse)

### **Species Reactivity**

Human

# Type

Fab Fragment based on Humanized (from mouse) IgG1 - kappa

# **Expression Host**

E. coli

### **Purity**

>95.0%, determined by analysis by RP-HPLC & analysis by SDS-PAGE.

# **Applications**

Suitable for use in FC, IP, ELISA, Neut, FuncS, IF and most other immunological methods.

# **Storage**

Store the antibody (in aliquots) at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of samples.

## **BACKGROUND**

# Keywords

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### **ANTIGEN GENE INFOMATION**

### **Gene Name**

IL5 interleukin 5 (colony-stimulating factor, eosinophil) [ Homo sapiens ]

# Official Symbol

IL5

### **Synonyms**

IL5; interleukin 5 (colony-stimulating factor, eosinophil); interleukin-5; B cell differentiation factor I; EDF; eosinophil differentiation factor; IL 5; interleukin 5; T cell replacing factor; TRF; T-cell replacing factor; B-cell differentiation factor I; IL-5;

### **Gene ID**

<u>3567</u>

### mRNA Refseq

NM 000879

### **Protein Refseq**

NP 000870

#### MIM

147850

### **UniProt ID**

P05113

# **Chromosome Location**

5q23-q31

# **Pathway**

Allograft rejection, organism-specific biosystem; Allograft rejection, conserved biosystem; Asthma, organism-specific biosystem; Asthma, conserved biosystem; Autoimmune thyroid disease, organism-specific biosystem; Autoimmune thyroid disease, conserved biosystem; Calcineurin-regulated NFAT-dependent transcription in lymphocytes, organism-specific biosystem;

### **Function**

cytokine activity; growth factor activity; interleukin-5 receptor binding; protein binding;