

Product Information

MemDX™ mPro Human S1PR1 Cell Line

Cat. No.: **S01YF-1122-KX20**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Information

Target Protein

S1PR1

Target Protein Species

Human

Target Classification

GPCR

Target Family

Lysophospholipid Receptors

Target Research Area

Autoimmune Research; Inflammation Research; Cardiovascular Research

Related Diseases

Autoimmune Encephalitis; Herpes Zoster Oticus

Product Properties

Mycoplasma Testing

Negative

Biosafety Level

Level 1

Activity

Yes

Form

Frozen cells

Selective Antibiotic(s)

Regular antibiotics active against mycoplasmas, bacteria and fungi.

Handling Notes

Frozen cells should be thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedure to ensure cell viability and proper assay performance.

Note: Do not freeze the cells upon receipt as it may result in irreversible damage to the cell line.

Disclaimer: We cannot guarantee cell viability if the cells are not thawed immediately upon receipt and grown according to handling procedure.

Incubation

37°C with 5% CO₂

Applications

Drug screening and biological assays

Application Notes

Cells were plated in a 384-well plate and incubated overnight at 37°C and 5% CO₂ to allow the cells to attach and grow. Cells were then stimulated with a control for high-throughput drugs screening and functional assays.

Use Restrictions

These cells are distributed for research use only.

Shipping

Dry ice

Storage

Liquid nitrogen

Target

Full Name

Sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor 1

Introduction

The protein encoded by this gene is structurally similar to G protein-coupled receptors and is highly expressed in endothelial cells. It binds the ligand sphingosine-1-phosphate with high affinity and high specificity, and suggested to be involved in the processes that regulate the differentiation of endothelial cells. Activation of this receptor induces cell-cell adhesion. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

GPCR Signaling Pathway

The endogenous ligand is sphingosine-1-phosphate. Targeted protein activation can cause binding of Gi to Go protein which, in turn, cause an inhibition of adenylate cyclase and then decrease of cAMP concentration.

G coupling

Gi & Go

Endogenous Ligand

Sphingosine-1-phosphate

Alternative Names

EDG1; S1P1; CD363; ECGF1; EDG-1; CHEDG1; D1S3362; sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor 1; S1P receptor 1; S1P receptor Edg-1; endothelial differentiation G-protein coupled receptor 1; endothelial differentiation, sphingolipid G-protein-coupled receptor, 1; sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor EDG1; sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor Edg-1; S1PR1; Sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor 1

Gene ID

[1901](#)

UniProt ID

[P21453](#)